

The Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXXXVIII.

NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 4, 1849.

{ NO. 4,554.

THE MERCURY
published every Saturday morning, by
J. H. BARBER & SON,
at No. 123 Thames Street.
(Opposite the Newport Female Seminary.)

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum, or \$1 75
if payment is made strictly in ADVANCE.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square
inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be
charged for each subsequent insertion, with a
deduction to those advertising by the year.
No paper discontinued (unless at the discre-
tion of the Proprietors) until arrearages are paid.

Weekly Almanac.

AUGUST, 1849.	SUN	MOON	High
	rises	sets	water
SATURDAY,	4 55 7	5 7 26	7 44
SUNDAY,	4 56 7	4 8 1	8 41
MONDAY,	4 57 7	3 9 24	9 28
TUESDAY,	4 58 7	2 9 6	10 16
WEDNESDAY,	4 59 7	1 10 39	11 3
THURSDAY,	5 1 6	10 49	11 44
FRIDAY,	5 2 6	11 59	12 4

MOON last qtr, 11th day, 8 hour, 44m evening.

OPENING OF MR. BRISTOW'S WRITING ACADEMY.
At the Masonic Hall—room No. 4, corner of Church
and School Streets, Newport, R. I.

DAY AND EVENING CLASSES.
—Cheapest and best instruction in—

WRITING

GUARANTEED to be taught to pupils of every
age, in a full and complete course of lessons.
Mr. Bristow, finishing Writing Master, from his
academies in London, New York and Boston, in an-
nouncing his arrival, most respectfully informs the
Ladies and Gentlemen of Newport, that he
intends to make only a limited stay, to practice
his unerring proof of eradicating all bad writing.
He therefore politely invites youth and age who
wish to secure his instruction to apply soon.

Mr. B. has taught his unrivalled system of Pen-
manship with the most distinguished success for
the last 20 years, in all the great Atlantic cities
of the United States and Canada, as also in Eu-
rope, Mexico and South America. The vast ex-
perience acquired by Mr. B., embracing all ages,
will, he trusts, inspire the inhabitants of New-
port with confidence to attend his classes, now
open day and evening.

To Ladies, Mr. Bristow imparts a neat, hand-
some, delicate and fashionable cursive hand, at
once pleasing, elegant and lady-like.

The Gentlemen acquire a bold and manly free,
expeditions, practical business hand, no matter
how illegible or cramped the writing is (see speci-
mens at the Hall and Post Office.)

N. B.—Mr. B. can be seen from 8 A. M. to 1 P. M.,
or 2 to 8 P. M.

* Visitors in Newport can take a course in a
few days. July 7, 1849.

FOR SALE.

THE beautiful mansion owned and
occupied by the subscriber, 1 mile
from Newport, on the main road to
Boston. The situation is unrivaled.
The house was planned by Warren, and built by
Tallman & Bucklin, with the best materials, in
the most substantial manner. An orchard in full
bearing, a garden of 14 acres (surrounded by a
backhedge) well stocked with small fruits,
—Fruit trees and shrubbery of a large growth
present the most attractive whole, for a summer
residence, to be found on the Island. Purchas-
ers are invited to call and view the establish-
ment every day between the hours of 9 & 12 A. M.,
or 3 & 5 P. M. If not sold previous to the
1st of August, it will be offered at auction on
that day. WM. VERNON.

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, CHILDREN'S SHOES, &c.

THE subscriber, grateful
for past favors, respectfully in-
forms his friends and the public
that he has received his Summer
supply, consisting of—Men's calf, goat and seal
Boots, French calf Boots, Ladies' Gaiter
Boots, Buskins and Slippers, of the latest styles;
Misses Shoes, of every description; Boys' Boots
& Shoes; Children's fancy Shoes &c. Also Gaiters.
These goods have been carefully
selected, and are offered at prices to suit the most
economical, at the old stand, nearly opposite the
Post Office, by JOHN N. POTTER.

JUST RECEIVED,
A fresh supply of Rough & Ready,
Opera, and Cloth GAITERS.

Ship for Sale, suitable for the Cali-
fornia Trade.

The ship **MARTHA**, (of this port),
as she now lies at Deven's Wharf,
(recently returned from a whaling
voyage) together with all her whal-
ing Apparatus, Casks, Boats, &c.

This ship was rebuilt at New Bedford in 1823
at an expense of \$11,000—since which time she
has been kept in excellent repair—having within
a few years had an entire new upper deck, stan-
tions, beams, water ways, sheer streaks, plank
sheers, knees and breasthook. Her windlass was
new when she sailed on her last voyage—she has
good chains and Anchors nearly new. Her length
on deck is 94 feet, Beam 27 feet, depth about 16
feet. She is a first rate working ship, easy at
sea, and sails very fast. If not sold previous to
the 10th of July next, she will then be sold at
Public Auction. For further information apply
to CHARLES DEVENS or R. P. LEE.
Newport, June 30, 1849.

SULPHUR PILLS, administered at the New
York Hospitals for cholera, at
June 10.] R. J. TAYLOR'S.

BATHING DRESSES,
HATS AND CAPS,
for sale at
JAMES HAMMOND'S.

JOB PRINTING,
In its various branches,
Executed with neat and fashionable
type, and on the most reasonable
terms, at the MERCURY OFFICE, No. 123
Thames street.

Court of Probate, Middletown, July 16, 1849.

THE petition of Hannah Smith, Guardian of
the person and estates of George W. Smith,
and Irene Smith, minors, children of George
Smith, late of Middletown, deceased, stating that
said minors are possessed in their own right of
one undivided tenth each of a certain tract of
land situated in said Middletown, containing
about thirty acres, with a dwelling house, barn
and other buildings thereon standing; bounded
Northerly on land of William Cornell, partly—
and partly on land of Peleg Peckham, Esq.; East-
erly partly on land of James Barker, partly on
land of Hiram Barker and partly on land of said
Peleg Peckham; Southerly partly on land of
Isaac Smith and partly on land of said Hiram
Barker; and Westerly partly on land of William
Smith, it being the farm formerly owned by the
said George Smith, dec.,—that it would be to the
interest of said minors to sell all their right and
title in and to fifteen acres of said tract of land,
bounded Northerly on land of William Cornell,
partly; and partly on land of said Peleg Peck-
ham, Esq. Easterly partly on land of James Bar-
ker, and partly on land of Peleg Peckham; South-
erly on the hereinafter described 11 acres and
three quarters of an acre of said tract of 30
acres and Westerly partly on land of the heirs
of David Barker, now of said William Smith and
partly on the road; also said said minors right and
title in and to 3 acres of said tract, of 30 acres,
bounded Northerly on said tract of 11 acres and
three quarters of an acre; Easterly on land of
Hiram Barker; Southerly, partly on land of
Isaac Smith, and partly on land of said Hiram
Barker; and Westerly on the road; and to invest
the proceeds of sale thereof in purchasing of
William Smith and Isaac Smith, all their right,
title and interest in and to one undivided half of
said 11 acres and three quarters of an acre of
said tract of 30 acres, with the one half of the dwelling
house and other buildings thereon standing
bounded Northerly on the aforesaid 15 acres
of land; Easterly on land of Hiram Barker; Southerly
on the above described 3 acres of land; Westerly
on the road; praying this Court to authorize
and empower her in her said capacity of
Guardian to sell said minors right, title and in-
terest in and to the said two tracts of land, and to
invest the proceeds of sale thereof as aforesaid;
was presented and read.

Ordered that the same be received, & referred for
consideration to a Court of Probate to be held at
the Town House in Middletown on the 30th day
in August next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and previous
notice be given thereof by advertisement for 3
successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, that
all persons interested may appear at said time and
place, and be heard.

A true Copy—witness,
JOSHUA COGGESHALL, Probate Clerk.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas a convention between the United
States of America and her Majesty the Queen of
the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland
was concluded and signed at London, on the fif-
teenth day of December, in the year of our Lord
one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight,
which convention is, word for word, as follows:
The United States of America and her Majesty
the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Brit-
ain and Ireland, being desirous to promote the
friendly relations existing between their respec-
tive citizens and subjects, by placing the commu-
nications by post between the territories of the
United States and those of her Britannic Majesty
upon a more liberal and advantageous footing,
half resolved to conclude a convention for this
purpose, and have named as their plenipotenti-
aries, that is to say:

The President of the United States, by and
with the advice and consent of the Senate there-
of, George Bancroft, a citizen of the United States,
their envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary
to her Britannic Majesty;

And her Majesty the Queen of the United
Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the right
honorable Henry John Viscount Palmerston, Bar-
on Temple, a Peer of Ireland, a member of her
Britannic Majesty's most honorable Privy Council,
a member of Parliament, Knight Grand Cross
of the most honorable Order of the Bath, and her
Britannic Majesty's principal Secretary of State
for Foreign Affairs;

Who, after having communicated to each other
their respective full powers, found in good and
due form, have agreed upon and concluded the
following articles:

ARTICLE I.
There shall be charged upon all letters not ex-
ceeding half an ounce in weight, conveyed either
by United States or by British packets, between a
port in the United States and a port in the United
Kingdom, an uniform sea rate of eight pence, or
sixteen cents; and such postage shall belong to the
country by which the packet conveying the letters
is furnished.

ARTICLE II.
There shall be charged by the Post Office of
the United Kingdom, upon all letters not exceed-
ing half an ounce in weight, posted in the United
Kingdom, and forwarded to the United States, or
brought from the United States, and delivered in
the United Kingdom, whether such letters shall be
conveyed by British or by United States pack-
ets, an inland postage rate of one penny half penny.

There shall be charged by the Post Office of
the United States, upon all letters not exceeding
half an ounce in weight, posted in the United
States, and forwarded to the United Kingdom, or
brought from the United Kingdom, and delivered in
the United States, whether such letters shall be
conveyed by United States or by British packets, an
inland postage rate of five cents.

ARTICLE III.
Upon all letters posted in one country and de-
livered in the other, these rates of postage, both
sea and inland, shall be combined into one rate,
of which payment in advance shall be optional in
either country. It shall, however, not be per-
mitted to pay less than the whole combined rate.

With respect to letters above the weight of
half an ounce, each country shall be at liberty to
employ, as regards the collection of the whole
combined rate, the scale of progression in opera-
tion in its own territory for charging inland rates
of postage.

ARTICLE IV.
The United States engage to grant to the United
Kingdom the transit in closed mails, through the
territory of the United States, of the correspon-
dence and newspapers from the United Kingdom
to the British North American provinces, and
from those provinces to the United Kingdom, at
the rate of inland postage to be charged under
this convention for letters and newspapers be-
tween the United Kingdom and United States.

A British officer shall be permitted to accom-
pany the closed mails during their transit.

ARTICLE V.
On the other hand, Her Britannic Majesty en-
gages to grant to the United States the transit in
closed mails, through the British North Ameri-

can provinces, of the correspondence and news-
papers from one part of the territory of the United
States to any other part of the territory of the
United States, at rates not exceeding the rates of
inland postage now charged, or to be hereafter
charged, in the North American provinces, ac-
cording to the distance such closed mails may be
conveyed within the North American provinces.

An officer of the United States shall be per-
mitted to accompany the closed mails during their
transit.

ARTICLE VII.
The United States further engage to grant to
the United Kingdom the transit in closed mails,
through the United States, or through any country
where the post communication may be under the
control or management of the United States, of
letters and newspapers forwarded from the United
Kingdom, its colonies, or possessions, to any
other British colony or possession, or to any
foreign country, and from any foreign country or
British colony or possession, to the United King-
dom, its colonies or possession.

ARTICLE VIII.
Her Britannic Majesty engages on her part, to
grant to the United States the transit in closed
mails, through the United Kingdom, or through
any country where the post communication may
be under the control or management of the United
Kingdom, of letters and newspapers forwarded
from the United States, their colonies, or pos-
sessions, to any other British colony or possession,
or to any foreign country or possession of the
United States, their colonies or possessions.

ARTICLE IX.
When letters shall be forwarded in closed mails
under the stipulations of articles v, vi, vii, or viii,
of the present convention, the payment to be made
to the Post Office of the United Kingdom or of
the United States, as the case may be, shall be
made by the owner, according to the net weight
of the letters, at two rates to the ounce, with the
addition of twenty-five per cent, on the amount
of postage, to compensate the loss that would
otherwise be sustained by this mode of computa-
tion.

ARTICLE X.
The country which sends or receives closed
mails through the other, is to render an account
of the letters and newspapers sent or received in
such closed mails, and to accounts to such country
for the postage due thereon.

ARTICLE XI.
Letters posted in the United States, addressed
to foreign countries, and intended to pass in
transit through the United Kingdom, shall be de-
livered to the British Post Office free of all United
States postage, whether packet or inland; and
letters from foreign countries addressed to the
United States, passing in transit through the United
Kingdom, shall be delivered to the United
States Post Office free of all British postage,
whether packet or inland.

In the case of those countries to which letters
cannot be forwarded unless the British postage
be paid in advance, such British postage shall be
collected in the United States, (in addition to the
United States rates of postage,) and accounted
for to the British Post Office.

In the case of those countries to which letters
cannot be forwarded unless the United States
postage be paid in advance, such United States
postage shall be collected in the United Kingdom
(in addition to the British postage,) and account-
ed for to the United States Post Office.

ARTICLE XII.
The rate of postage to be taken by the British
Post Office upon letters arriving in the United
Kingdom from the United States, either by British
or by United States packets, and to be forwarded
through the United Kingdom to colonies or pos-
sessions of the United Kingdom, or of the United
States, or to foreign countries,—and vice versa,—
shall be the same as the rate which is now, or
which may hereafter be, taken by the British
Post Office upon letters to or from such colonies
or possessions, or foreign countries respectively,
when posted at the port of arrival or delivery, at
the port of departure of the packets conveying
the mails between the United Kingdom and the
United States.

The above postage is irrespective of and be-
yond the inland rate to be taken in the United
States upon such letters, if posted or delivered
therein, according to the stipulations of article
ii of this convention, and also irrespective of and
beyond the sea rate upon such letters payable ac-
cording to the stipulations of article i.

The rate of postage to be taken by the United
States Post Office upon letters arriving in the
United States, either by British or United States
packets, from the United Kingdom, and to be for-
warded through the United States to the colonies
or possessions of the United States, or of the United
Kingdom, or to those territories which, ac-
cording to the law of the United States, are be-
yond the limit of their established post routes, or
to foreign countries,—and vice versa,—shall be
the same as the rate which is now, or which may
hereafter be, taken by the United States Post Of-
fice upon letters conveyed, whether by sea or
land, to or from such colonies, possessions, terri-
tories, or foreign countries respectively, when
posted at the port of arrival or delivery, at the
port of departure of the packets conveying the
mails between the United States and the United
Kingdom.

The above postage is irrespective of and be-
yond the inland rate to be taken in the United
Kingdom upon such letters, if posted or delivered
therein, according to the stipulations of article
ii of this convention, and also irrespective of and
beyond the sea rate upon such letters payable ac-
cording to the stipulations of article i.

There shall be excepted from the above stipu-
lations, letters and newspapers passing through
the United Kingdom, to and from France, as to
which certain rates are fixed by the postal con-
vention existing between that country and the
United Kingdom. But the two countries partici-
pating in the present convention, and contracting par-
ties agree to invite France to enter into com-
munication with them, without loss of time, in
order to effect such arrangements for the con-
veyance of letters and newspapers, and closed mails,
through the territories of the United States, of
the United Kingdom, and of France, respectively,
as may be most conducive to the interests of the
three countries.

ARTICLE XIII.
Letters posted in the United States, addressed
to the British North American provinces, or vice
versa, when not conveyed by sea, shall be charged
according to the rates of postage which are
now, or which shall hereafter be in operation in
the United States, and in the British North Ameri-
can provinces, for inland letters.

ARTICLE XIV.
Upon all letters posted in the United States,
and addressed to the British North American
provinces, or vice versa, the rates of postage fixed
by the preceding article shall be combined into
one rate, of which payment in advance shall be
optional, both in the United States and in the
British North American provinces. It shall,
however, not be permitted to pay less than the
whole rate.

ARTICLE XV.
The rates to be taken on newspapers published
in the United Kingdom, when conveyed between
the United Kingdom and the United States; either
by British or by United States packets, shall be
one penny for each newspaper in the United
Kingdom, and two cents in the United States.—
Conversely, no higher charges than those above
stated shall be made by the British or by the

United States Post Office, or newspapers publish-
ed in the United States, either when despatched
from that country, or when delivered in the United
Kingdom.

There shall be no accounts between the two of-
fices for the transmission of newspapers; each
office shall have charged, according to the pre-
ceding stipulations.

ARTICLE XVI.
The rate of postage to be charged in the United
Kingdom upon newspapers to and from the United
States, passing in transit through the United
Kingdom, shall be one penny for each newspa-
per, except where a lower rate is provided by any
treaty between the United Kingdom and a for-
eign country; and the rate of postage to be
charged in the United States upon newspapers to
and from the United Kingdom, passing in transit
through the United States, shall be two cents for
each newspaper.

ARTICLE XVII.
Periodical works, not of daily publication, post-
ed in the United Kingdom or in the United
States, may be forwarded from one country to
the other, either by British or by United States
packets, by means of the two offices, under the
following conditions, namely:

1st. There shall be no accounts between the two
offices for the transmission of such works,
each office shall retain the postage it shall have
charged.

2dly. They must be sent in bands or covers
upon the sides or ends, so that they may be
easily examined.

3dly. They shall be in every respect subject to
the conditions prescribed by the laws and regu-
lations of both countries.

The rates to be levied in Great Britain, as well
on the above-mentioned works addressed to the
United States, as on those from the United States
addressed in Great Britain, shall be as follows:

1st. For every work not exceeding two ounces
in weight, one penny.

2dly. For every work above two ounces in
weight, and not exceeding three ounces, sixpence.

3dly. For every work above three ounces in
weight, and not exceeding four ounces, eight
pence.

4thly. And for every ounce above four up
to sixteen ounces, (the limit imposed on the trans-
mission of such articles by the British office,) two
pence additional, every fraction of an ounce
being reckoned as a full ounce.

The rates to be levied by the Post Office of the
United States on similar works, addressed to or
coming from the United States, shall not exceed
the rates to be charged in the United Kingdom.

ARTICLE XVIII.
Printed pamphlets not exceeding the weight of
eight ounces, posted in the United Kingdom or
in the United States, may be forwarded from one
country to the other, either by British or by United
States packets, by means of the two offices, at
the same rates and under the same conditions as
those fixed for periodical works by article xvi.

ARTICLE XIX.
In consideration of two cents United States
currency not being precisely equivalent to one
penny sterling, the British Post Office shall ac-
count to the United States Post Office at the rate
of four hundred and eighty-four cents to the
pound sterling; and the United States Post Of-
fice shall account to the British Post Office at the
rate of four hundred and eighty cents to the
pound sterling.

ARTICLE XX.
In case of war between the two nations, the
mail packets of the two offices shall continue
their navigation without impediment or molesta-
tion until six weeks after a notification shall have
been made on the part of either of the two gov-
ernments, and delivered to the other, that the
service is to be discontinued; in which case they
shall be permitted to return freely, and under
special protection, to their respective ports.

ARTICLE XXI.
The forms in which the accounts between the
respective Post Offices for the transmission and
conveyance of letters are to be made out, the time
and mode in which payment shall be made by
either Post Office to the other, together with all
other measures of detail arising out of the stipu-
lations of the present convention, shall be settled
between the Post Office of the United States and
the British Post Office, as soon as possible after
the exchange of the ratifications of the present
convention.

It is also agreed that the measure of detail
mentioned in the present article may be modified
by the two Post Offices whenever, by mutual
consent, those offices shall have decided that such
modification would be beneficial to the Post Office
service of the two countries.

ARTICLE XXII.
The present convention is concluded for an in-
definite period. It cannot be annulled by either
of the two governments, except after the expira-
tion of a year's notice given to the other govern-
ment.

ARTICLE XXIII.
The present convention shall be ratified by the
President of the United States, by and with the
advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by
her Britannic Majesty; and the ratifications
shall be exchanged at London within three
months from the date hereof. It shall come into
operation as soon as possible after the exchange
of the ratifications.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotenti-
aries have signed the same, and have affixed
thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at London the fifteenth day of Decem-
ber, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight
hundred and forty eight.

[L. S.] GEORGE BANCROFT,
[L. S.] PALMERSTON.

And whereas the said convention has been duly
ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifi-
cations of the same were exchanged at London
on the 26th day of January last, by George Ban-
croft, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
of the United States of America at the
Court of St. James, and the Right Honorable
Henry John Viscount Palmerston, her Britannic
Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign
Affairs, on the part of their respective govern-
ments;

Now, therefore, be it known that I, JAMES K.
POLK, President of the United States of Ameri-
ca, have caused the said convention to be made
public, to the end that the same, and every clause
and article thereof, may be observed and fulfilled
with good faith by the United States and the citi-
zens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my
hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be
affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this fifteenth
day of February, in the year of our Lord
[L. S.] one thousand eight hundred and forty nine,
and in the seventy-third of the indepen-
dence of the United States.

JAMES K. POLK.
By the President:
JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

TO ANTIQUARIANS.—A Bible, in a good
state of preservation, 134 years old, with
aps and illustrations, also containing the Church
service,—for sale at
PARKER'S,
116 The Mes street.

SELECTED POETRY.

"JESUS OF NAZARETH PASSETH BY."

BY MRS. L. H. SPOONER.

Watcher! who waketh by the bed of pain,
While the stars weep on in their midnight train,
Stilling the tear for thy loved one's sake,
Holding thy breath lest his sleep should break!
In thy loneliest hour there's a helper nigh—
"Jesus of Nazareth passeth by."

Stranger!—afar from thy native land,
Whom no one takes with a brother's hand,
Table and hearth-stone are glowing free,
Casements are sparkling, but not for thee;
There is one who can tell of a home on high—
"Jesus of Nazareth passeth by."

Sad one, in secret bending low,
A dart in thy breast that the world may not know,
Wrestling the favor of God to win,
His seal of pardon for days of sin;
Press on, press on, with thy prayerful cry
"Jesus of Nazareth passeth by."

Mourner!—who sittest in the churchyard lone,
Scanning the lines on that marble stone,
Plucking the weeds from thy children's bed,
Planting the myrtle and rose instead;
Look up from the tomb with thy tearful eye—
"Jesus of Nazareth passeth by."

Fading one, with the hectic streak
In thy vein of fire and thy wasted cheek,
Fearing thou the shade of the darkened vale?
Seek, too, the Guide who can never fail;
He hath trod it himself, he will hear thy sigh—
"Jesus of Nazareth passeth by."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE END OF SORROWFUL HIS- TORY.

There are many persons both in this
city and in New England who will remem-
ber a man by the name at Rickett, who,
after a somewhat notorious pastorate at
East Brookfield, Mass., where a council
called by his instigation refused to justify
him in separating from his wife, established
himself in Worcester as a dry goods mer-
chant, and figured largely in the kind of
business for some months. Of a sudden,
however, his hat was found on a wharf in
New York, and a letter reached his wife
and friends, setting forth his melancholy
death by drowning. In truth, however, he
had fled his partner, and divers Baptist
friends in and around Worcester, and gone
home to England. Of course he was de-
posed from the ministry, excommunicated
from the Church, and published as an ar-
rant impostor. But not many months had
elapsed before he was back again in this
city, and here became suddenly notorious by
his commitment to prison for attempting a
fraud on the revenue department of the
government. The case was never tried,
we believe, and he was soon at large, and
in business as a dealer in bronze. Some
of his Massachusetts acquaintances now
sought him out, and obtained partial red-
ress for their grievances, and he, in turn,
sought restoration to membership in the
First Baptist church, Worcester, with a
view to admission to some church here,
having his eye at first, we believe, on the
Rev. Mr. Mason's communion at Williams-
burgh. Mr. Mason did not very warmly
second his wishes, and he abandoned his
purpose of union with that church, still
seeking however his restoration at Worces-
ter, and we are glad to say, seeking in vain.

About one year ago, a lady, pale and
careworn entered our office, and asked us
if we recollected her. After a moments
hesitation, we said, "Yes,—Mrs. Rickett,
is it not?" It was indeed that lady. She
had called to ascertain how the proper re-
presentations might be made to the church
in Worcester to prevent her husband's suc-
cessful application for restoration to that
body,—adding that she had applied for a
divorce from him on a charge of adultery,
naming to us her attorney, who, she said,
had no doubt of the issue of the application.

She gave us then a tale of his villainy,
shocking for its enormity and for its hypoc-
rasy. Our sympathies were awakened, and
remembering that at the time of her Brook-
field troubles she had a sister in this coun-
try, we asked her where this, her only re-
lative, was now residing. Her large eyes
filling with tears, she replied, "My sister
is the partner of my husband's wickedness,
—they are now at housekeeping as husband
and wife in Henry street." Calling on her
attorney, we found her melancholy testi-
mony fully confirmed. The divorce was
granted in due time, and now the Califor-
nia fever occurring, Rickett and the sister
embarked for that region as husband and
wife, he having the effrontery to pass him-
self off as a clergyman, and to officiate as
chaplain on ship-board. Letters, however,
received from Rio by the owners, announce
that he quarrelled so much with his wife as
to make the ship's company sick of his
spiritual care. Meanwhile, as we are in-
formed, his true character had gone over-
land, and when he found himself in Cali-
fornia, he doubtless found that he was not
a stranger.

His injured wife, Mrs. Mary Ann Rickett
is now no more. She died in this city,
June 19, under the hospitable roof of Mr.
G. H. Hansell, manifesting during her ill-
ness her faith in Christ and her readiness
to depart and be with him. She was bap-
tized some seventeen years ago in this city
by Rev. Dr. Maclay. She had tasted deep-
ly of the cup of affliction,—it is believed

that she now drinks the happiness of
heaven. Her disease was consumption,—
her age thirty-eight years.

New York Recorder.

THE SATURDAY SUNSET.—Saturday re-
paid us for all the toils and hot weather of
the week, by one of the most beautiful and
gorgeous

BY THE MAIL.

FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamer Crescent City, which left Chagres on the 16th inst., has arrived at New York. By her we have dates from San Francisco to the 21st of June.

The steamship Panama left San Francisco the 21st of June, with about 100 passengers and \$500,000 in gold dust and specie. She arrived at Panama on the night of the 11th July, and would leave again on the 1st of August.

There was no sickness at the mines, and everything was going on quietly. The number of persons there is estimated at between twenty and thirty thousand; about one half foreigners.

Business at San Francisco is very dull, and dry goods and provisions are selling below the original cost.

Lumber is still in good demand, selling for \$350 per M. Rents enormously high and on the rise.

The Oregon steamer would leave San Francisco on the 1st of July, and expects to be in Panama the 20th.

Mr. George H. Gould, of Providence, R. I., and late of the Society Islands, died on board steamship Crescent City, July 17th, with consumption.

The most interesting news is that of a political nature. The public as well as the officials seem to have been dissatisfied,—as well they might be—that the last Congress omitted to make any provision for a regular government, and system of administration of law in the new territory. As soon as it was discovered that this was the case, General Riley issued a proclamation, in which he recited the difficulties of the case, and then goes on to make the announcement and decree.

Gen. Riley issued a second proclamation in which he asserts his authority over the people of "the district of San Francisco," and rebukes the action of an "unauthorized body," who style themselves the "Legislative Assembly" of that district. It is evident that there is a conflict of authorities, but what is the exact nature of the quarrel does not yet appear. At a public meeting which the Alta California (newspaper) speaks of as enthusiastic and united, adopted resolutions expressing the desire of the people to be represented in the Congress of the United States, and their indignation that measures for that purpose had not been already taken. Similar proceedings were had at a meeting at San Jose.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—The *Placer Times*, of Sacramento City, Upper California, has the subjoined intelligence from the Sandwich Islands:—

"Eight vessels have left that hot bed of roguery (Sydney) for the coast. Tahiti is drained of Frenchmen, and the gold fever is raging among the Celestials, by last accounts from Hong Kong. The foreign population of Honolulu seems inexhaustible, reminding one of the hydra of old,—to every one that goes a dozen more are going.

"The political atmosphere is quite calm at present. The mountain in labor has brought forth a mouse. Judd remains in office, apparently despised and shunned by all except his colleagues and the missionaries. His fellows in office know his unbounded influence with the King and Chiefs, and therefore fear while they hate him, and the missionaries, dreading the loss of their secular immunities—a sure consequence of his downfall—support him lustily in the pulpit and in private circles.

THE BUTLER DIVORCE CASE.—It is stated that the terms of a divorce have been agreed upon by the counsel in the case of *Pierce Butler vs. Fanny Kemble Butler*, satisfactory to both parties. The principal conditions are, that Mr. Butler is to allow Mrs. Butler \$1500 annually, he to retain possession of their children, (two daughters,) excepting two months in each year, which they are to spend with their mother. The arrangement was agreed to some weeks since—both preferring it to a further contest before the courts—and the daughters are now with their mother, in Massachusetts, where she proposes taking up her residence.—*Boston Atlas*.

NEW POTATOES are plenty in market, and sell for \$1 a bushel. Were not the amount of potatoes planted this season far greater than ever before, in this region, they would be quite scarce and high, for the yield is very small,—in the best cases, not more than half a crop. In some instances, they are not worth digging. This is the effect of the long continued drought. The rains of last week were not sufficient to give permanent relief. For several inches on the top, the earth is moist, but below that, except on low and wet lands, it is as dry as powder. Bountiful rains would now save the late potatoes; otherwise, they too, will come sadly short.

Springfield Republican.

THE CATHOLIC COLLEGE at Worcester, Mass., derives its support, with the exception of the interest of a single donation of \$1000, from the regular fees received from the students for board and tuition, which amount to \$150 per annum each. The number of students now attached to the Institution, either as belonging to the preparatory school or to the college proper, is 120—making a fee-roll of \$18,000. At the exercises Father Mathew was introduced to all the officers, who greeted him most affectionately. The first line of seats below the platform was occupied by the two bishops, the President, Father Mathew, the Professors, Hon. Henry Chapin, Mayor of Worcester, Gov. Davis, Judge Allen, Judge Barton, Rev. Mr. O'Brien, of Boston, and that zealous convert to Catholicity, Orestes A. Brownson.

THE DIFFERENCE.—The Keene Sentinel says that the estate of Gen. Belknap claims a balance due from the Vermont Central Railroad of over \$100,000, while the Railroad claims that he was indebted \$27,000—a slight difference in accounts!

MUTINY AT SEA.—A serious mutiny by the crew of the ship *Memnon*, bound from this port for California, occurred at sea, off Montevideo about the 20th of May last. It appears that the crew had given evidence of dissatisfaction and mutinous feelings almost from the day the vessel left port, which was exhibited in systematic grumbling and scowling countenances—one of the men had even lifted a hammer at the second mate and gave him insolence; and they complained of their food, and threw it overboard, almost in the captain's face. A sailor then complained that his leg was sore (from a little scratch) and that he could not do duty. This was the cause of the outbreak. No sooner was this man put in irons than the crew rose in mutiny.

The second mate struck a Portuguese sailor for insolence, when in a flash he drew his knife, brandished it with the fury of a demon, and ran at him. At this moment Mr. Brackett, the first mate, sprang to his back, pinioned his arms, seized his knife and broke it to atoms. This fellow was ironed, and another, who had been noted for his mutinous spirit. Then their spokesman was called up to get his bracelets. A general scuffle ensued between the officers and men, blows were given, knives and belying pins came into play, and the deck was spotted with blood.

The fight ceased for a moment, and the spokesman, Tom Dennis, was taken; but while the captain and second mate were about putting the irons on him, a strapping, sullen fellow, named Loring, left the wheel, making a tremendous blow at the second mate, fortunately missed his aim and fell himself to the deck by the force and miss of his intended blow; he then skulked away to the wheel, trusting he was not observed.

The fight was renewed by the mutineers making a rush upon the Captain and mate. Mr. Brackett, the first mate got a cut on the crown of his head, that felled him to the deck, senseless. The captain also got a blow on the head. The officers then rushed into the cabin for arms. The passengers now retreated to the cabin, armed for general protection, and wounds dressed and pistols loaded, another sailor was made to the deck by the officers and passengers. Then, in perfect coolness and bleeding as all the officers were, the first and second mates went forward with their pistols, with orders to fire and kill any man who refused to come aft.

The crew, finding that the officers and passengers were all armed gave up the contest, and eight men were finally manacled and sent below. After a consultation, it was decided to make for Montevideo, instead of attempting to go round the Cape with a mutinous crew. The *Memnon* reached anchorage on the 26th May, and the mutineers were sent aboard the American ship-of-war *St. Louis*.

On the morning of the 27th, the rest of the crew refused to do duty, and it was said that the captain of the sloop-of-war went on board and ordered them all to be seized up for punishment.—*N. Y. Courier*.

COMPENSATION.—We believe there is a compensation in the life of nearly every man in the world. Ruminating homeward through Hudson street the other afternoon, in the neighborhood of St. John's Square, we encountered a stalwart young man, of eighteen or twenty, with his arm thrust through an iron cog wheel, whose upper rim seemed deeply to indent his shoulder. His eyes were a dark hazel; his cheeks were flushed with the hue of health; the day was intensely hot; perspiration streamed from his brow, beneath his broad straw hat; but he walked, with an alert step. While we were near him, a splendid carriage, with richly caparisoned blood-horses, rolled indolently by; and we could plainly read in his countenance, as he looked at the sumptuous vehicle, that he was contrasting his own condition with that of its more favored inmates. Ah! if he could have known *all* as we did! There was a helpless invalid for life on one seat of that carriage, who would have "bestowed" all her goods to feed the poor;—could she have been insured for one year, the health of the toiling artisan who was at that moment envying her condition. And on another seat was a man rich in "worldly gear," who was a victim to misanthropy; who "lieth down and riseth up in the bitterness of spirit, and never eateth with pleasure." There is a "compensation," even in this world.—*July Knickerbocker*.

A DEATH BELL.—A pretty story is told of the casting of the bell for the church of St. Mary Magdalen, at Breslau. When the metal was just ready to be poured in the mold, the chief founder went to dinner, and forbade his apprentice, under pain of death to touch the vent by which the metal was to be conveyed. The youth curious to see the operation, disobeyed orders. The whole of the metal ran into the mold, and the enraged master, returning from his meal, slew the apprentice on the spot. On breaking away the mold, he found he had been to hasty, for the bell was cast as perfectly as possible. When it was hung in its place, the master had been sentenced to death by the sword for the murder of the apprentice; and he entreated the authorities, as a great favor, that he might be allowed to hear it once before he died. His petition was granted, and from that time the bell is tolled on the execution of a criminal.—*Bentley's Miscellany*.

We mentioned several days ago the arrest of Henry Miller at Troy, New York. He is the notorious counterfeiter on the Canada line who has resided in Franklin county, Vt., and has repeatedly escaped the officers by his strength and desperation. Four years ago at Scheuchterdy he knocked an officer down with a slung shot, and escaped by swimming the river. This last time, the officers stationed themselves beyond the bend at the northern end of the Troy bridge, and just as Miller drove along with a swift trotting horse, one sprung and seized the horse, and the other two secured Miller after a desperate resistance.

ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE.—One of the most dreadful accidents that have occurred at Nantucket took place last Tuesday, at Madaket. A large party of young gentlemen and ladies from town were spending the day at Capt. Nathan Chase's, and between ten and eleven o'clock in the forenoon, nine of the company—six ladies and three gentlemen—went out in a boat, blue-fishing. About noon, when off Eel Point, something more than a mile from the shore, in coming about, the sheet of the sail got caught, and the boat upset and sunk. The three young men being all whalemen and used to similar accidents, succeeded very soon in cutting away the mast, rolling the ballast out, and getting the ladies who were of course, very much frightened, on to the bottom of the boat. Here they supported them for about an hour, sometimes in one position and sometimes in another, the boat constantly rolling; until at length they were able to place them in such a position that one of the young men, Mr. Benjamin S. Morton, thought it would be safe for him to leave and swim to the shore for assistance it being very evident, as they were immersed in the water up to their arm pits, were rapidly becoming chilled, and were, moreover, slowly drifting out to sea, that unless help could soon be procured they must all perish. He accordingly, after consulting with his companions, took off his clothes and started for the nearest land, Eel Point. In crossing two tide rips which lay between him and the shore, he came very near drowning; he finally succeeded, however in reaching the shore, but was so much exhausted when he landed, that he could not stand. About this time, Capt. Chase, having discovered, a few minutes before, the situation of the party, left the shore near his house, in company with two or three others, in a boat, to render assistance. They made the best of their way for the sunken boat, but having about two miles to go, two of the young ladies had perished before they reached them. Their bodies were found inside of the boat, entangled in the lines, where they had fallen when unable to hold on any longer. The survivors, and the bodies of those who were drowned, were taken into Capt. Chase's boat, and brought immediately to the shore. Those who were saved were very much exhausted; some of them were confined to their beds, yesterday. The only wonder is that any of the party escaped with their lives; they would not have done so, had it not been for the coolness, courage and energy of the young men.

Both of the young ladies, we are informed were particularly beloved and respected by all who knew them. This dreadful termination to an excursion which was entered upon with the brightest anticipations of pleasure, excited the most intense consternation among the members of the company—the ladies in particular.

Nantucket Inquirer.

MASSACHUSETTS FIGS.—The Boston Transcript, in an interesting article on the subject of horticulture, in a description of the garden, green-house, and varieties of fruit, of Mr. Allen, of Salem, whose successful devotion to horticultural pursuits is well known, says:—

"Mr. Allen has a fig tree that is a curiosity. It fills the entire back wall of one of his houses, and is trained in the same way as a peach, the branches stretching right and left from the trunk some 30 or 40 feet, and is very vigorous. This variety is the black fig of St. Michael. It is now in fruit with the third crop for the season. Upwards of 3000 figs, by count, have been gathered the present season, and it is still yielding its delicious fruit in abundance. When fully ripe, the fig bursts with its own richness. The fruit is fine, and a good variety for forcing. There are several other varieties of figs growing in the houses, but none so prolific as the St. Michael.

"The growing of fruit under glass is quite extensive in Massachusetts, and a vast amount of wealth is invested in this delightful branch of industry. There is probably more fruit grown in this way in Massachusetts than in all the other States of the Union, and there is a ready demand for all that is grown. Our cultivators frequently have orders from the South and West Indies for grapes, which command a high price. No grower has been more successful than Mr. Allen, and his establishment is such, at the present time, as to yield him a handsome return for his labors."

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.—A gentleman from Montreal says that at Madame Laborde's concert, on Wednesday evening last, a call was made for the "Marseillaise" and responded to by Mr. Laborde, who appeared waving *le tri color*. His presence with the emblem of French republicanism, elicited groans and hisses from the English portion of the audience, and loud tokens of encouragement from the French Canadians present. The singer observing this, withdrew, and the parties separated without collision, although it is asserted that the malcontents were distinctly divided. The *Gazette*, in a slight notice, confirms this story to a limited extent, alleging the *tri color* to have been "embraced by Madame." The *Courier* states the offence to have been "that it was made the finale of the performance, being put instead of the national anthem!" *Quebec Mercury*.

A KENTUCKY INFANT.—There is a youth named Andrew H. Brand, living on Green River, near Rumsey, in Davis County, Ky., who is described as follows: He is a "perfect monster" in size, is justly entitled to the appellation of the "Kentucky infant," being only fifteen years old, five feet three inches high, and measures six feet in circumference around the waist, three feet six inches around the thigh, two feet six inches around the calf of the leg, two feet two inches around his arm, and weighs five hundred pounds. He is another evidence of the extreme fertility of the growth of Kentucky, and of the luxuriant magnificence with which she does up things when she tries.

ARREST OF THE SWINDLING LIEUTENANT. The swindling lieutenant, of whose proceedings to raise the wind we have given accounts for the last two days, was arrested in Milk street this morning, by officer Starkweather, as he was sauntering down the street. The officer knew him at once, and coming up behind, put his arms around him and said, "You are my prisoner." The fellow attempted to escape, but he was in sure clutches. He was dressed in a light thin frock coat and rather jaunty cap. The irons soon graced his wrists, and he was taken to the marshal's office, followed by a crowd of men and boys. He appeared to be a good deal agitated and his lips trembled, nevertheless he tried to put a bold face upon the matter. On his person was found a letter directed to officer Clapp, written in pencil, and of rather impudent character. An order upon the Suffolk Bank, partly written, was also found but generally speaking his pockets were remarkably empty of anything valuable, considering his late numerous attempts to prey upon the community. When arrested he had in his hand an open dirk knife, which the officer knocked into the middle of the street as he seized him.

It appears that after putting himself in funds by swapping his stolen team with Dr. Purcell of East Boston, he went to Hingham, where was a Sunday school celebration. Thence he returned to this city, and at 11 o'clock on Wednesday night took board at the house of Augustus Littlefield, No. 12, Columbia street, under the name of James Williams, a planter of Wilmington, N. C., having a brig laden with cotton bound to this city. While there he took up the papers and read the account of his proceedings. When he had finished, he remarked, "Why, if they see my black straw hat they will think it is me;" and soon after he changed it for the cap he wore when arrested. He also changed his coat for a thin one.

Yesterday, under the name of Williams the planter, he went to the store of Jones, Ball & Poor, and selected about \$500 worth of jewelry, &c., but did not succeed in obtaining possession of it. This morning he made his appearance at the wharf of Prentice & Co., coal dealers, Sea street, still as Williams the planter. He bargained for forty tons of coal, which he wished to put on board his vessel, just arrived from Wilmington, N. C., with a load of cotton. Perhaps in pay for the coal he designed to make use of the following written check which was found upon him, without, however, any signature:—

"The Suffolk Bank will pay to bearer or Mr. W. Johnson, the sum of five hundred dollars, on demand."

His valise, which was found at his boarding house, Columbia street, contained nine pairs of shoes, samples which he had obtained at various stores, under representation that he was a dealer from the country, desirous of purchasing by wholesale.

The news of his arrest quickly spread over the city, and the Marshal's office was in a short time filled with sufferers by his operations. Among them, boot-makers, of whom he had obtained boots, ordering several additional pairs to be manufactured, and thus obtaining the first pair upon credit; hotel keepers, whose bill for food and lodging had been unliquidated by the dashing lieutenant, &c. &c.

At 2 o'clock, he was taken to the square in front of the City Hall and exhibited to the assembled people.—*Boston Trav. 27th.*

HOTEL THIEF.—Tuesday, Mr. Hanson, of the Merrimack House, discovered a stranger in one of the chambers of his hotel, bending over a trunk, and spoke to him. Instead of making any answer, the fellow darted for the door, ran down stairs, got into the street, and fled with all the speed he could muster. Mr. Hanson pursued with a will, and finally treed him in a yard in Prospect street, and delivered him over to an officer, who carried him to jail. Upon searching his pockets, there were found a set of false props, a gold watch, a wallet full of sundries, including a bill of exchange for \$3 in favor of Emily Reeves, drawn by Harden & Co. He gave his name as Chas. Smith. Upon returning to the house, Mr. Hanson ascertained that three trunks had been broken open, but it did not appear that any money or other valuables had been stolen.—*Boston Post*.

HORRIBLE OFFENCE.—On Sunday morning a warrant was issued by the district magistrates to James Irons, a constable of Waterford, directing him to capture Henry Graves, a mulatto, for some assault. The warrant was transferred to Freeman Rose, a constable of the Talbot District, who succeeded in capturing him, but while pinning his arms behind, the prisoner drew a knife and ripped open Rose's abdomen, let his bowels fall out; when he succeeded in making his escape.—*Canada Gazette*.

THE WEATHER.—The parching drought of the last four weeks continues without any signs of relief. The hay crop will be very small, in many places merely nominal, and other crops have suffered in proportion. Our poor "park" looks like a huge pancake "done brown," and cut into sections for distribution. What water there is still pursuing its dubious way under ground, seems from the specimens we draw up, to be very much exhausted, and the cisterns ring with hopeless emptiness.

Burlington Vt. Courier.

DEATH OF A DESPERADO.—Stilton Leonard, who murdered David Bell, in the Indian country, a year ago, was recently discovered by a person who was authorized to arrest him, asleep, with his gun in his arms, and his knife by his side. A struggle was made for the gun, when the officer and an Indian who was with him, stabbed him several times, causing his immediate death.

LOVE OF GOLD.—Mr. Stephen H. Simes of Portsmouth has received a lump of gold, in the state in which it was found in California, weighing 3 3/4 ounces, and valued about \$90.

A NOVEL TRICK.—Since the cholera has been prevalent in the city, all sorts of plans and devices have been put in practice to obtain brandy, by fellows who are too lazy to work, and consequently are without the means of purchasing it. The latest trick we have been informed of, is the following. Two men travel together, and visit different grog shops, alternately becoming the victim of cholera. First one pretends to be suffering dreadfully from cramps, &c., and is led into the bar room by the other, and the sympathy of the bar-keeper appealed to, pleading poverty as the excuse for not buying it. Under such circumstances, he of course succeeds, and the man gets a drink. At the next place, the other is the victim; and thus they go from grog shop to grog shop until they become intoxicated. They chanced to go to the same grog shop twice, however, lately when the trick was discovered.—*N. Y. Mirror*.

UNFORTUNATE MISTAKE.—About 10 o'clock on Tuesday evening, Miss Quinn at No. 18 North Fourth street, in this city, was severely maimed under the following circumstances: It appears that Mr. Joseph Daggett, druggist, No. 353 River street, who resides at No. 25 North Fourth street, having been annoyed by some dogs, procured a gun and went into the street to shoot them. He shot and killed one, when Miss Quinn, who at the time was standing in the door nearly on the opposite side of the street, walked along toward the dead dog. Mr. Daggett seeing some object moving along, and supposing it to be another dog, fired again. Miss Q. received fourteen shot in her legs, between the ankles and knees. Though the bones were uninjured the flesh was very much mangled. Last evening she was doing well, under the care of Dr. Thorn.—*Troy Whig, yesterday*.

A FISH STORY.—A tremendous fish was captured on Monday last, in Lewistown Roads, with a net, by a pleasure party. Its exact dimensions were, from tip to tip of wings 16 feet 10 inches; from end of horns to end of switch on tail not including its fins, 15 feet 1 inch; distance from eye to eye across the head, 5 feet 11 inches. The upper skin or back, jet black, very thick or coarse, like a file; its belly a pure white; its mouth, (being destitute of teeth) when open, reminded one of a sluice, and would easily take in at a swallow two persons of no inferior magnitude. It is properly called "The Devil Fish," and its weight was variously estimated from 2,000 to 2,500 pounds.

EXTRAORDINARY STABBING.—A great sensation was created in the neighborhood of Jefferson Market, by its being reported at the station house that a man had stabbed his son to death with an awl. Officer May was sent to enquire. He found the son bleeding profusely, and on asking for the father he was shown him lying on the bed, but so badly beaten that his life would be endangered by removing. Neither of them could, or at least would give any account of the origin of the quarrel, only the father once said the son struck first, and that he gave the stab in defence of his life. Medical aid was procured, and after a careful examination the faculty are of opinion that the wounds of neither are mortal. The cases will undergo a strict investigation as soon as the parties are able to bear it.

N. Y. Express.

ST. LOUIS, JULY 29.—A fire broke out this morning, at 3 o'clock, on board steamer *Algonia*, which spread to steamers *San Francisco*, *Mary Dubuque* and *Phenix*, which were all burnt to the water's edge. The *San Francisco* and *Algonia* had just arrived from Missouri, well freighted with valuable produce. The *Phenix* freighted up for Cincinnati. Total loss estimated at \$130,000. The pilot of the *Algonia* was lost during the fire. A large mail on board the *Algonia*, from California emigrants was lost, besides \$400 in cash. A great riot occurred between the firemen and young Irishmen. The rendezvous of the latter was attacked and one person stabbed.—*Telegraphic Despatch*.

DEATH FROM FEAR.—The Covington (Ky.) Journal relates the following instance of the effect produced upon the nervous system by the action of fear. The facts (it says) are derived from an undoubted source and the case is made public in order more impressively to indicate the importance of maintaining control over the mind, and discharging all unnecessary fear and alarm:—

"A lady in this city, who enjoyed ordinary health previous to the appearance of the prevailing epidemic, became alarmed on its advent, and suffered her mind to dwell on the subject until she became exceedingly sensitive and nervous. Every case she heard of increased this morbid condition of the mind and body. Finally, on being told of the death of an immediate neighbor, she clasped her hands in agony and exclaimed, 'My time has come!'" She then went to bed, and a physician was called in; but no effort could relieve her of the conviction that she had the cholera, and that she was to die of it. Subsequently, indeed, there were manifestations of cholera in the case, but the medical attendant has no doubt they were induced solely by fear. Thus she died within three days after she took her bed."

EXERCISE.—The London correspondent of the National Intelligencer, says:—

"The way English ladies live in the open air, the daily fatigue they endure, and the pleasure they find in it, would astonish some of the delicate dames near you; not more, however, than the healthy feelings and good looks they reap from it would."

THE SEMINOLES.—The Washington Republic announces that the War Department has made preparations to dispatch a sufficient force to Florida to repel the Indians, if they contemplate other hostilities, or to bring the murderers to justice, if the late outrages are merely the violence of a few stragglers.

FOREIGN NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA.

The *Cambria*, Capt. Shannon, arrived at Halifax at about 3 o'clock Thursday morning, bringing European news 7 days later. ENGLAND.—Parliament is to be prorogued on the 9th inst. The motion which Lord Brougham previously announced his intention to make, with reference to the French expedition to Rome, was laid upon the Peer's table on Friday. The resolution embraced a wide range of subjects, and implied a direct answer of the foreign policy of the government.

And it is understood that the envoys and agents in Northern Italy and in Sicily will be fully noticed in the debate which took place on the 29th.

During the last week 839 deaths were reported by Cholera, which is double the number of the preceding week, in London.

The north of Germany is again quiet, but in the south the insurgents still hold out within the fortress of Radstadt. The whole of the Grand Duchy of Baden with that exception, is occupied by the Prussian troops. The lives of the captive republicans are to be spared, and Gen. Radowski has been ordered to transport them to the United States. The American charge de Affairs has been compelled to take down his arms in consequence of his house having been forcibly entered by the French patrol in pursuit of two deserters.

HUNGARY AND AUSTRIA.—Although numerically considered the latter forces are of appalling superiority, the Hungarians are very far indeed from being in any desperate extremity. It is announced that the Polish Gen. Bem had again completely defeated the Russians under the command of Gen. Leurs, in Transylvania.

FRANCE.—A committee of the Legislative Assembly to which the question of the prorogation was referred, has come to the unanimous decision of recommending that the Assembly should be prorogued from the 15th August to the 15th of October. The budget will not be brought forward until after the meeting of the Assembly in Oct.

The election to fill 35 vacancies in the Legislative Assembly has turned out much more favorable to the government than was anticipated. With the exception of one, all the newly elected members belong to the party of the majority, and will support the government so long as the majority hold together.

ITALY—ROME.—The Pope has addressed an autograph letter to Gen. Oudinot, on the occasion of receiving the keys of Rome. His holiness congratulates the General on the triumph of order in Rome, and expresses his hope that divine Providence will remove the difficulties that may still exist.—He adds that he does not cease to direct his prayers to heaven for the General, the army and the French nation. The letter was dated 5th July.

The armistice between Prussia and Denmark has been ratified.

SHOCKING BRUTALITY.—We learn from the Portland Argus, that a male child, about four months old, was found in the woods of Mr. F. O. J. Smith, in Westbrook, about six o'clock on Friday evening last. It was a bright, handsome, healthy child. It was clad in old clothes, and some clothes laid into the place among the underbrush, in which it was deposited. Two women were seen going in that direction in the afternoon, with a child, and were afterwards noticed without it. Some boys getting berries also saw them near the spot. He is now in the hands of the overseers of the poor of Westbrook. We learn that the mother of the child has been identified.—She is an Irish girl who has been living in Portland, and sometimes at work in a factory in the interior. The boy is an illegitimate child, and she says its father lives in New York. The Overseers were on her track on Saturday forenoon, but she escaped, it is thought in the afternoon train. Mr. Isaac Bailey by mere accident discovered the child in its nest, although the unfeeling woman had so secreted him that one might have passed within two feet of the place without seeing him.

THE HOTEL at Quincy, (Illinois), owned by the State of Illinois, was recently offered for sale, the bidding to be by means of sealed proposals. Among other bids, one company offered six hundred and one dollars higher than the highest bid; another five hundred more than any body else! The Governor decided in favor of the former, but the latter, contending that their bid was the highest and best, are taking measures to contest the matter legally. The Governor withholds the deed of sale until the proper tribunal decides upon the case.

At Newton Lower Falls a son of Rev. Mr. Baury came very near being drowned by the upsetting of a tub with which he undertook to sail on Charles River.

ROBBERY IN PROVIDENCE.—Early on Saturday morning, the extensive establishment known as the "Boston Branch Clothing Warehouse," situated on the corner of Washington Row and Westminster street was entered by some daring villains, and robbed of about five hundred dollars worth of goods. The burglars effected an entrance by digging through the cellar wall.

Koons, who lived in a small hut near Carbondale, Pa., has been arrested for shooting through the heart a young man who went to the hut to visit Koons's house-keeper, "a young woman of fame for unchastity."

FUNNY.—On the Fourth, the Declaration of Independence was read in a certain town in Louisiana. After the names of the signers had been repeated, a Frenchman arose, and indignantly asked why Lafayette's name was not there, and made a motion that it should be added forthwith!

NEWPORT MERCURY, NEWPORT. SATURDAY MORN., AUGUST 4, '49.

SUBSCRIBERS in town and country, who may fail to receive the *Mercury* regularly, are requested to mention the fact at the Office immediately, and not to wait a week or more, as we frequently sell every paper, and are unable to supply them. Please bear it in mind.

THE GRAIN CROP.—From all parts of the island, so far as we have been enabled to hear, the grain crop is spoken of as being the most promising one seen in this vicinity for some time, and if the weather continues good, some of our farmers anticipate great yields.

THE HON. HENRY CLAY, as we learn from the *Lexington Observer*, is on his way to this place, where he proposes to spend a few weeks, and will return to Kentucky in September next.

The gay Lieutenant who has been cleaning the Boston people out of their money, turns out to be Chauncey Larkin, a recent graduate of Sing Sing.

A WHOLE CONVENTION of Delegates for the Western District, assembled at East Greenwich on Thursday last. Hon. Thomas Whipple was unanimously chosen Chairman, and John Holden and James Eldred, Secretaries.

Nathan F. Dixon, Esq., of Westbury, was unanimously nominated to represent the Western District in the next Congress. Mr. D. has accepted the nomination, and will no doubt be elected. The election will take place on the 28th of August.

THE GERMANIANS gave another of their Sacred Concerts at the Ocean Hall last evening, which was numerously attended. Those of our readers who have not heard the performances of this talented company of Musicians, have neglected a rich treat. They certainly offer the most attractive programme ever presented by one band.

THE MAYOR OF SAVANNAH has issued a public notice, denying the rumors of the existence of cholera in that city, and stating that it is remarkably healthy.

HIGH HANDED OUTRAGE IN PORTLAND. The *Portland Argus* gives the following particulars of a dastardly outrage which was committed in that city:

"About three o'clock yesterday morning, some scoundrel or scoundrels took a brass sixpounder from the gun house of Mr. Joy, placed it some fifty yards in front of King's house on the hill, and after having loaded it with five balls, attached to it a slow match. In due time it went off. One of the balls passed through the head, board of the bed in which King, his wife and child were asleep—cut the sinews and bones on the back of the woman's hand, and went out of the house on the opposite side. Dr. Dargun, we understand, thought he might be forced to amputate the hand had hoped to save it. Had the ball struck two feet further to the left, it would have inevitably killed all three. It was an exceedingly narrow escape. Three other balls passed through the garret and out at the roof."

The inmates of the house which was assailed bore a bad reputation. The Advertiser states that Mr. King has several times had his house assailed, on which occasions he has fired salt or shot at the assailants. On the night following the 4th of July inst., several young men, while cruising in this neighborhood, were injured by small shot discharged from his dwelling.

MARRYING A TWIN.—A correspondent of the New Orleans *Picayune*, writing from Arkansas Springs, describes a wedding which took place between two persons who had never seen each other until the day before, and adds, that the next morning, two or three waggish fellows went to the bridegroom and informed him that his wife had a twin sister, that they are so much alike that it is difficult to tell them apart, and that he had married the wrong one.

The poor fellow, without saying anything to his wife, went directly to the magistrate, and wished him to "undo what he had done, and marry him to the right gal." The worthy squire told him that if he had known this the evening before, he would have fixed it right, but too much time had elapsed, and it was too late.

Mrs. Fremont had joined her husband, Colonel Fremont, at the farm which he has stocked in California, and upon which they have good buildings.

At New York, yesterday, the Board of Health reported 120 new cases and 65 deaths—93 cases and 46 deaths were in private practice.

DEATH OF SIGNOR DE BEGNIS.—This well known and distinguished Musician died at St. Louis, Tuesday afternoon of the Cholera, after a brief but terrible illness.

MARRIAGES.

In this town on Sunday afternoon last, by the Rev. Mr. Watson, Mr. GEORGE E. COLEY, of Warwick, (Printer) to Miss CYNTHIA A. third daughter of the late Mr. Peleg C. Chapman, of this town.

In Pawtucket 22d inst., Mr. JOSEPH T. SASSON to Miss EMMA A. JENKS.

DEATHS.

In Providence on the 27th inst., Mrs. BETSEY GALEY, wife of Mr. Joshua Langley, in the 70th year of her age; Mrs. PENELOPE THURBER, wife of the late Relief Thurber, in the 70th year of her age; 30th, Mr. ROYAL S. TYLER, son of Mr. George W. Tyler, aged 22 years; On Monday, 29th, Mrs. LEVY ANGELL, wife of Mr. Job Angell, aged 65 years; Monday evening, SAMUEL STAPLES, in the 34th year of his age.

MERCURY MARINE LIST. PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED.
WEDNESDAY, Aug. 1.
Bark A. H. Kimball, Sleeper, fm Fall River for Pictou.
Brig Torno, Waite, fm Fall River for Gardner.
Sch's Belle, Steelman, fm Philadelphia; Nichols Hassard, (new) Willis, fm Providence for Block Island; Daniel Baker, Braman, fm Round-out for Providence; Mary & Susan, Knight, fm Eastport for Providence; Queen, Dawson, fm Providence for Warrum; New Globe, Parsons, fm Philadelphia for Saco; Planet, Granley, fm New London; October, Baxter, fm Philadelphia for Boston; Frances, McCall, fm Dighton for Annapolis.

MARINE MEMORANDA.
Sch'r Meridian, Hart, s'd fm Norfolk the 26th for this port.
Brig John Balch, Melville, fm Thomaston, arr at Georgetown, S. C. the 22d.

ICE CREAM.

MADE of pure cream and of unequalled flavor and richness. We have no hesitation in saying (as one trial will prove) that a better or more delicious article cannot be produced in the country. We pay an extra price for our cream, and the testimony in its favor which we daily receive is highly flattering to ourselves, and fully substantiates what we assert. One trial is all we ask to insure future patronage. We have 4 rooms adapted to this branch, which are open from 10 o'clock, a.m., to 11 o'clock, p.m. Families supplied at 50 cts per quart, in Pyramids and otherwise.
H. H. YOUNG, Park Saloon.
Aug. 4, 1849.

FRESH FRUIT, every morning on the arrival of the steamer from New York. Boarding House Keepers and Families will find it to their advantage to trade at the *Port Saloon*, as it is the principal Depot for delicious fruit.
Aug. 4.] H. H. YOUNG.

FLORAL CONCERTS.

M. R. D. T. FELT, respectfully announces these Floral Concerts, to be given on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY evenings next, at MASONIC HALL, by a Choir of "young singers," assisted by Mr. N. W. Torrey, violinist, and Miss E. J. Loud and other vocalists, and an orchestra of young players.
The performances to be interspersed with Violin Solos, Songs, Duets and Quartettes, by four young ladies. The Base to be sung by Miss E. J. Loud, who has a voice of the compass of Three Octaves.
A different programme to be sung each evening.
Tickets 25 cents each, to be had at Messrs B. Marsh, C. E. Hammett, B. J. Tilly's Depot, and at the door. Children under 12 years of age, if accompanied by their parents, half price.
Performances to commence at 8 o'clock.
Aug. 4.

Taxes! Taxes!! Taxes!!!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that the Town Tax assessed in July 1849 must be paid on or before the 2d day of November next, without fail. All Taxes remaining unpaid at that date will be collected as the law prescribes in such cases, with all necessary expenses. I shall be at my Office, No. 243 Thames street, (3 doors below the Perry Steam Factory), from 11 o'clock, A.M. to 1 P.M., and at 4 o'clock until 7 P.M.
OLIVER HEDD, Collector of Taxes.
Tax Books printed. Those in want can be supplied at 12 cents each, at the office. O. H.
Newport, August 4, 1849.

KNIT Hosiery.—A large supply of Woolen and Cotton Knit Hosiery, for sale by
Aug. 4, 1849.] H. SESSIONS.

Rhode Island Bridge Company.

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Rhode Island Bridge Company held on Monday, July 30th, 1849, the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz:—
S. T. Northam, R. B. Cranston, Wm. Littlefield, W. A. Clarke, Peleg Clarke, Isaac Burdick, Richard Swan.
At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Peleg Clarke, Esq., was elected President.
W. A. CLARKE, Clerk & Treasurer.
Newport, Aug. 4, 1849.

WHITE MOUSSELIN DE LAINE, of very fine quality, just received by
Aug. 4.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

OLD ENGLISH CHEESE, for sale by
Aug. 4.] NEWTON BROTHERS.
186 & 188 Thames street.

MERINO GAUZE SHIRTS, for sale by
F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

SCOTCH ALE AND LONDON PORTER, for sale by
Aug. 4.] NEWTON BROTHERS.
186 & 188 Thames street.

FINE OLD WINES AND BRANDIES, for sale by
Aug. 4.] NEWTON BROTHERS.
186 & 188 Thames street.

CHAMPAGNE WINES of the choicest brands, for sale by
Aug. 4.] NEWTON BROTHERS.
186 & 188 Thames street.

LADIES Lisle Thread Hose, plain and openworked, a beautiful article for Summer, for sale by
Aug. 4.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

LOST.

AN OPENED LETTER, containing three certificates of Stock, made in my name for which if found and returned to me, I will on delivery pay FIFTY DOLLARS, to save trouble in procuring new certificates. Steps have been taken to foreclose or stop sales if offered. The Stock is therefore worthless to any one save myself.
Newport, July 28, 1849.
C. FRY.

N. B.—The articles lost as above, are 20 Shares of Boston and Providence Rail Road Stock new emission; a Deposit certificate for \$2340 dollars U. States Bank Notes, and a certificate No. 362, dated 4th January 1847 for \$5000 U. States 6 per cent stock, Loan of 46. Payable in 1850.
C. FRY.

WOOLEN YARN & KNITTING WORSTED of superior quality, for sale by
Aug. 2.] H. SESSIONS.

SAVINGS BANK.

At a meeting of the Corporation of the Savings Bank of Newport, July 18th, 1849, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors:—
John Stevens, Isaac Gould, Benj. Finch, J. S. Munro, S. T. Northam, Adam S. Cox, Edwin Wilbur, Benj. H. Tisdale, David Melville, R. B. Cranston, Samuel Brown, Wm. Sherman, Benj. Marsh, Thomas W. Brown, John V. Hammett, Wm. C. Cozzens, George T. Weaver, Samuel Engle, Edward A. Sherman, Richard Swan, Charles Devorn, Oliver Read, Frances Lawton, Michael Freeborn, Samuel S. Gyles.
And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors Benjamin Finch was chosen President, in the room of John Stevens, who declined.
S. S. GYLES, Treasurer.
B. B. HOWLAND, Secretary.

Grand Concert, AT THE TOWN HALL. THIS EVENING.

By the Musical Prodigies
Luigi Elena,
The young Italian Violinist, aged 15 years.

"This young Violinist, possessing, as he does, a highly refined organization, combined, in a rare degree, the sensitiveness, the emotion of Ole Bull, and the self-possession and intellectual clearness of Vieuxtemps, while he equals Sivori in force of passion, Paganini, 'the breathing sorcerer,' is alone his master."—*Pro Journal* 24th May, 1849.
—ASSISTED BY HIS BROTHER—
ANNIBALE.

A Pianist of nine years of age.
Admission—Single tickets 50 cts.; Children half price, to be had at the door of the Hall.—Doors open at 7—Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. No postponement on account of the weather.
Newport, Aug. 4, 1849.

NEW BOOKS.

FOR SALE OR CIRCULATION, AT THE CIRCULATING LIBRARY OF
JAMES HAMMOND.

5795 Magdalen & Marcia; or the Rectory Guest, Mrs. Grey.
5796 Mabel Carrington; or love & pride, by Mrs. Grey.
3415 Kavanah, a tale, by W. H. Longfield.
3416 Lady Alice, or the new Una, a novel.
5797 The Pottleton Legacy, by Albert Smith.
5798 Edmond Dantes, with elegant illustrations—being a sequel to Monte Christo, by Alex. Dumas.
5799 The Woodman, a romance of the times of Richard III, by G. P. R. James.
15800 Kaloolah; or journeyings to the Djebel Kumri, an autobiography of Jonathan Romer, edited by W. S. Mayo.
5801 Hearts and Homes; or social distinctions, Mrs. Ellis.
5802 Jane Shore; or the Goldsmith's wife, an historical romance, by the author of the Jews Daughter, &c.
3417 Laneton Parsonage, part 3d, by Miss Sewell.
July 28.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers have concentrated their business, and formed a Co-partnership this day under the name and firm of
NEWTON, BROTHERS,
and will continue their former business on a more extensive plan, at No. 186 & 188 Thames street, corner of Pelham, and respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage.
EDWARD E. NEWTON,
JAMES R. NEWTON,
WILLIAM NEWTON.
June 28, 1849.

In consequence of the above arrangement, it is all important that all debts due us previous to the 1st of January should be settled immediately.
E. F. & J. R. NEWTON,
WILLIAM NEWTON.

The undersigned having associated himself with his Brothers, as above, takes this method of tendering his thanks to his customers for the very liberal patronage that has ever been extended to him, and will be much gratified for a continuance of the same at the lower store, where every inducement will be made to gratify their wishes.
WILLIAM NEWTON.
Newport, June 28, 1849.

CURE OF CORNS, BUNIONS, EXCRESCENCES, BAD NAILS, &c.

ADAME BERNARD, of New York, now at the Boarding House of William Burlingham, corner of Spring & Mill streets, Newport, R. I., informs the Public that she continues to practice upon the FEET with the greatest success, having exclusively devoted her time for 15 years to the disease to which the feet are subject. She is confident in promising that she will remove CORNS entirely from their irritating and painful location—without causing any pain or possibility of danger or making the blood flow. The operation occupies from 5 to 10 minutes, and the relief so instantaneous, that persons thus treated can put on their shoes, and walk without the least inconvenience.
Mrs. B. has practiced her profession for several years in Europe and in this country, and has acquired great skill and practical experience, facts attested by numerous certificates from celebrated Physicians of New York, Philadelphia and Boston, as well as from eminent Medical gentlemen of Europe.
[July 28, 1849.]

Parisian Hair Dye.

ADAME CHAUVALE, of Paris, whose establishment is extensively known for the Eau Indienne for dyeing the Hair, and approved by the Royal Academy, to be the best Liquid Hair Dye known in France, as for simplicity of using, and the simplicity it imparts to the Hair, having received many demands from this Country, has opened a depot at 425 Place Vendôme, New York.
MRS. BERNARD, the Agent, having received full instructions for the use of the DYE, wishes to assure the ladies of Newport, that unless they feel satisfied with the operation NO CHARGE will be made.
Madame B. may be consulted at the Boarding House of Wm. Burlingham, corner of Spring & Mill streets.
[July 28.]

The California Whig.

THE UNDERSIGNED has undertaken at the request of the leading Whigs of the United States to establish a Whig Journal in California a Whig Journal, when a sufficient amount of Funds have been raised for that purpose. As a Local Force Journal is already established there, under the direction of an able and experienced writer, it is a matter of the highest concern that the Whigs should have a Journal both able and willing to discriminate and support their principles. The terms will be \$10 per year. Published weekly.
JAMES M. CRANE,
Editor and Proprietor.
Newport, July 24th, 1849.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I have appointed BENJ. J. TILLEY, my only true and lawful agent in and for the Town of Newport. He is fully authorized and empowered to receive and receipt for Subscribers.
JAMES M. CRANE.

FOR SALE.

ONE HALF of the fast sailing centre board Schooner **EROOK-HAVEN**, burthen 56 61-95 tons; sails nearly new, well found in other respects, and can be sent to sea at very little expense.

—ALSO—
ONE-THIRD PART of the Sloop **ANNAWON**, burthen 85 46 tons, sails fast, and is well adapted to the Lighterage business at Mobile, being staunch and strong, can also be sent to sea with little expense.

Both vessels may be seen at the Long Wharf. For further particulars apply to
MARGARET D. BURDICK,
Administratrix on the estate of Daniel Burdick, Aug. 4, 1849.—41.

The Providence Weekly Journal will please copy 6 weeks, and forward their bill.

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, July 9th, 1849.
A N instrument in writing dated the 28th of 5th month, 1849, purporting to be the last will and testament of DEBORAH CHASE, wife of Isaac Chase, late of Portsmouth, dec., was this day presented for Probate and letters testamentary thereon.

It is ordered that the same be received, and the consideration thereof is referred to a Court of Probate, to be held at the Town Hall in Portsmouth on the second Monday of August, at 1 o'clock, P. M., and previous notice be given in the *Newport Mercury*, for 3 successive weeks that all persons interested, may appear at said time and place if they see fit, and be heard.

By order,
RICHARD SHERMAN, Probate Clerk.

NOTICE.—The subscribers will furnish 30 or 40 Young Ladies who understand embroidery Shawls and fringing them, with steady employment; or those who have a fancy and a taste at similar work, can soon learn to do them if they wish to, on application to
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
July 14.]

BATHING SUITS of all kinds, constantly on hand, or furnished in any shape and quality at the shortest notice.
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.
July 14.] No. 72 Thames street.

STEEL PENS—LETTER PAPER, INK AND ENVELOPES,
Of superior quality, for sale at
JAMES HAMMOND'S.

The purest and best Ice Creams.

MADE and sold at 50 cents per quart, and sent out in forms or otherwise, at the Confectionary, corner of Thames and Frank sts, by STACY.
Ice Cream Saloon for Ladies & Gentlemen, over the Store—open from 9 in the morning, until 11 o'clock in the evening. Pleasure parties accommodated on reasonable terms.
STACY.
July 21, 1849.

Clerk's Office, Court of Probate, Middletown, July 26, 1849.

THE EXECUTOR'S 9th account on the estate of GEORGE IRISH, was, this day lodged in this office, with a request that the same be examined and allowed at a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town House in Middletown, on the third Monday of August next, at 1 o'clock P. M. Notice is therefore hereby given to all persons interested in said estate to appear at said Court, if they see fit and be heard in relation to the allowance of said account.
JOSHUA COGGESHALL, Probate Clerk.

Look at this ye Lovers of Good Things.

PRESERVES, Jellies and brandy froits—all of superior quality, put up expressly for family use, are now offered for sale at a reduced price. Those in want are invited to call at the Confectionary and Variety Store, corner of Thames and Frank streets.
STACY.
Newport, July 21.

Newport, July 21, 1849.

THE subscriber has been appointed by the General Assembly of Rhode Island, Guardian of the person and estate of
SAMUEL PEARCE,

son of the late Dute J. Pearce, Esq., dec., and has given bond to the Court of Probate of Newport for the faithful discharge of the trust. Notice is hereby given to the creditors of his said ward to exhibit their claims to the subscriber within six months from the date hereof,
W. R. BABCOCK, of Salem, Mass.
6w.

MUSLIN BANDS for trimming muslin capes and mantles, opening this week by
July 21.] F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

A GOOD MEDICINE.

The Virtues of the *Sarsaparilla Root* are universally acknowledged, and for an exterminator of numerous complaints and purifier of the blood we know of no more valuable medicine than Dr. Roberts' Compound Sarsaparilla Pills. They are acknowledged by our ablest Physicians to be not only unexceptionable but efficacious in the highest degree, and their basis being the concentrated extract of the Sarsaparilla prepared in a superior manner—these Pills operate both as an alterative and mild cathartic, strengthening the digestive organs, and giving a tone and energy to the body possessed by no other medicine ever known.—*Railway Register*, N. Y.
The above medicine is for sale in Newport R. I., by R. J. Taylor and C. G. C. Hazard.
Price 31¢ cents per box containing 50 Pills.
July 14.—6w.

FOR SALE.

ONE of Anthony & Emerson's Patent Double Acting Rotary CHURNS, large size. Apply at
Newport, July 21, 1849. THIS OFFICE.

DAQUERREOTYPES.

MESSRS MANCHESTER have again returned to Newport, and fitted a fine suit of rooms in Cases building, corner of Washington Square and Thames street; but will remain only a short time this season owing to other engagements. They heartily thank the thousands who have patronized them heretofore, and hope the improvements they have made in the art the last year and their willingness to please the public will be sufficient inducement for them to continue their favors and induce many more to give them a call.
[July 21.]

Savings' Bank.

A DIVIDEND was declared on WEDNESDAY July 18th, of 3 per cent, on all sums that have been in for the space of six months, and 14 per cent on all sums that have been in for the space of three months, agreeably to the regulations of the institution, payable on and after that day.
S. S. GYLES, Treasurer.
July 21, 1849.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that the undersigned, having given bond and qualified himself according to law, as Administrator on the estate of
LYDIA STODDARD,
late of Portsmouth, dec., hereby requests all persons having claims against the estate to present the same to him for settlement, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment.
JOHN CROUCHER, Administrator.
Newport, July 14, 1849.—41.

Gold & Silver Watches, and Jewellery at Auction.

THIS EVENING.

A LARGE and desirable stock of Gold & Silver Watches and gold Jewellery, consisting of—Gold double time Watches, with independent seconds—23 jewels each; gold hunting Watches; gold patent Levers; gold detached Levers; gold Lepines; also, silver patent Levers; silver detached Levers; silver Lepines; silver half plate and verge Watches; also, gold guard, vest, and fob chains; gold Guard Keys; gold and silver Pensils; gold finger Rings; gold ear Ornaments; gold Bracelets and Bracelet Chains; gold Locket and Miniature settings—together with many other articles in the above line; all of which must be sold as soon as possible to close a concern.—The goods will be open during the day, and may be had during the day at average auction prices.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine the goods.

N. B.—This will be a rare chance for dealers.
S. A. PARKER, Auct'r.
Newport, Aug. 4.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Will be sold at Auction on the premises, on THURSDAY, Aug. 23d, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
ALL the right, title and interest of Sanford Bell, at the time of his assignment to us, in and to the lot of land situated on Broad street, and Spring streets, with the three story building thereon, formerly occupied as a soap and candle manufactory. Also, the lot adjoining south with the two story building thereon, occupied as grocery stores and carpenters shop. Also, the barn and chaise house on the last named estate. Conditions at time of sale.
FELIX CLARKE, Assign'r.
J. S. MUNROE, Auctioneer.
July 28, 1849.

A Rare opportunity. A beautiful Country Seat for sale on Rhode Island.

THE undersigned offers for sale her pleasant well known residence in Middletown, situated on the Main road, one mile, from the State House in Newport. It contains about 30 acres of excellent land, under the best cultivation. The Mansion House, in perfect order, and most conveniently constructed, contains 3 stories, and is finished in modern style and in a very superior manner; there is also on the premises a suitable barn, crib, carriage house and other building appropriate to the establishment, and suited to a gentleman's residence. The walls of the farm are in good order, and the orchard is supplied with a variety of valuable fruit trees. Many ornamental trees also surround the House. There is a beautiful garden on the estate, which is well arranged, furnishing every kind of flowers, shrub &c., &c.

The House is located at a pleasant distance from the road, and commands one of the finest views of the Ocean Bay, surrounding Islands and adjacent scenery, that can be found on Rhode Island. Being sufficiently near Newport for all convenient purposes, it is also quiet and retired. It offers a rare opportunity for those who are now visiting Newport, to purchase a very valuable residence, for further particulars, apply to the undersigned on the premises, or to AUGUSTUS BUSH, Broad street. LYDIA COLLINS.

N. B.—If not disposed of at private sale before the 25th of August, it will be sold at public auction that day.

Touro Street Boarding House at Auction.

On the 30th of Aug. 1849, by virtue of the authority granted to me by the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of Newport, will be sold at Public Auction, to close a deceased estate, on THURSDAY, Aug. 30, 1849, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on the premises

THE well known Touro Street Boarding House and estate, late the property of and long occupied by the late CHARLES WHITFIELD, dec.—Said lot fronting on Touro street, measures 182 feet, from front to rear, 150 feet. The house is four stories high, 80 feet front and 30 feet from front to rear, with one wing 18 feet by 30, and one 18 ft by 104 ft, both two stories high, containing 80 rooms and is capable of accommodating 100 boarders. Connected with the house are ample out kitchen, servants' rooms, cisterns &c., &c. Also, on the same lot is a new one story cottage, well built, and measuring 364 feet front, and 25 feet deep, capable of being converted into a nice dwelling house at small expense. This large establishment, although not equal to our modern fashionable Hotels—still is in good repair and can be made to possess all the comforts and advantages necessary to ensure a fair patronage, and furnishes a good opportunity for any disposed to embark in this business. Also, immediately after the Lot and commodious Stable on the opposite side of the street, now and always occupied by Wm. C. Tennant. Said Lots measure 182 feet front on Touro street and 185 ft to the rear on Barney street. The Stable is 45 feet wide and 54 feet long, two full stories high, good substantial frame and well built, furnished with carriage sheds, good water &c.

Also, all the right, title and interest of the said late Charles Whitfield, dec., in the well known House and Lots directly opposite the Touro House consisting in one undivided half part of the whole of said Homestead Estate—subject to a deed of conveyance from the aforesaid Charles Whitfield, of all his right, title and interest to his sister, Elizabeth B. Perry—during the term of her life, said lots will measure about 304 feet on Touro st., and running back about 114 feet.

Any one desirous of further information or wishing to examine the property can do so at any time by application to the administrator. A more particular description, terms of sale and time of possession given at the sale.
WM. C. COZZENS, Administrator.
Aug. 4.] No. 72 Thames street.

THE Boarding House above offered for sale, is now occupied and every room fully supplied with Furniture—which will be offered for sale with the House, if desired by the purchaser at a very low price, said Furniture having been inventoried by Appraisers appointed by Law, can be sold cheap, and furnishes an additional inducement to purchase the House, as it can in this way be furnished at less than half what it would cost to furnish it anew; any information will be given on application to
WM. C. COZZENS.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice that she has been duly appointed Executrix of the last will and testament of
CHARLES GYLES,
late of Newport, dec., and given bond to the Court of Probate, for the faithful discharge of said trust, requests all persons having demands against said estate, to present the same, and those indebted to make immediate settlement with her.
PERNISSA GYLES, Executrix.
Newport, July 14, 1849.—41.

PUBLIC SCHOOL NOTICE.

Parents or Guardians wishing to place their children or wards in any of the Public Schools, are informed that the School Committee have assigned SATURDAY of each week, from 9 o'clock, A. M., till noon, as the time for giving permits, during which time, applications must be made to the Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Dumont, at his office in Frank street. By order of the Committee.
CHARLES T. BROOKS, Secretary.
Newport, July 14, 1849.—41.

CLOTHING.

New Fashionable Styles for Spring.

ORRISON CLOTHING STORE

Next North of the Custom House.

WE HAVE just completed manufacturing of Ready made Clothing ever offered to the public. Our stock is large and our goods all fresh and new, having been selected from the best Foreign and Home fabrics, at the LOWEST PRICES, which enables us to offer clothing at almost HALF THE USUAL COST. If those who are in want of Clothing will look through our stock, they will find

SPLENDID BARGAINS. In addition to the above large stock of Clothing, we have purchased in Boston this week a very large assortment of Furnishing Goods, of every description, usually kept in a Clothing Store.

These goods shall be sold low for cash. Coats of a hundred kinds we have. Such ones we know would suit you well; The most fastidious have bought, And praised them high and so they ought. We have on hand up and of 1000 pair of pants, Of Dress Skirts, Broadcloth and cassimere, More kinds than we can tell you here, There's not a form however poor, To which they can't impart a cure.

CHILDRENS CLOTHING. Such as Round Jackets, Sack Jackets, Sacks, Tunics, small frocks, fancy caps, childrens belts, TRUNKS, VALISES & CARPET BAGS. An unusual large assortment bought in New York and Boston, which shall be sold at lower prices than ever offered.

HATS AND CAPS. We have just received our spring styles of Hats and Caps of the latest patterns and made to our order and adapted in shapes and prices to the wishes of the purchaser and his pocket.

"Uncasy lies the head that wears the crown." The most anxious and disturbed brain will be restored to perfect calmness by wearing one of our New York Hats. (Mch. 17.)

THE BALL IN MOTION!

Grand distribution of Bargains.

CLOTHING

OF EVERY KIND, VERY CHEAP!

—AT THE—

OLD STAND

U. S. CLOTHING STORE,

No. 166 Thames street.

WHERE can be found a new and extensive assortment of MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, all of which are manufactured from the best material and in the latest style. Also, a large assortment of TRUNKS, which will be sold very cheap for cash. Don't forget the No. 166, (formerly 91), a few doors south of Mill street, sign of the LARGE WINDOW.

Newport, April 21, 1849.—tf.

UNITED STATES WHOLESALE CLOTHING Warehouse.

LEWIS & HANFORD,

27 Nos. 252, 254, 256 & 258 Pearl street, (Between Fulton st. & Burling Slip), NEW YORK.

HAVE ON HAND THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOTHING

IN THE UNITED STATES,

—ADAPTED TO ALL MARKETS!!

—in the article of—

Shirts and Drawers,

We keep an endless variety.

—ALSO, THE MOST EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURERS OF—

OIL CLOTHING

—AND—

COVERED HATS

In the world.

Plain and Fashionable Clothing,

OF ALL KINDS.

Catalogues of stock sent by mail. Orders promptly filled.

LEWIS & HANFORD,

Nos. 252, 254, 256, and 258 Pearl st., N. Y.

BEDSTEADS.

A LARGE LOT of French Windlass Screw

BEDSTEADS, a variety of patterns, just received from New York, on consignment to

W. F. & A. BARKER,

—DEALERS IN—

FURNITURE, FEATHERS, BEDS & MATTRESSES,

WOOD & WILLOW WARE, BIRD CAGES, BRUSHES,

BROOMS & MATTS, TRUNKS, VALISES,

CARPET BAGS, &c. &c.

A Fresh supply of Goods just received at

Nos. 155 & 159 (new numbers), T. mes street.

BEDS, MATTRESSES & CUSHIONS manu-

factured to order.

Newport, April 21, 1849.—tf.

WM. H. SMITH,

DENTAL SURGEON,

PAPER

WOULD inform the citizens of Newport and

its vicinity, that he has taken rooms at Mrs.

WILCOX'S, over Messrs. Finch & Engle's Store,

(first door North of Swinburne's Block, Thames

street,) where he will be in attendance to perform

all operations essential to the preservation of the

TEETH and GUMS. He will also insert ARTI-

FICIAL TEETH, from one, to an entire set,

in the best possible manner. Work warranted

and prices moderate.

Mr. S. has had a number of years experience in

his Profession, and therefore feels confident that

he can perform all operations to the entire satisfac-

tion of all parties.

Mr. S. would also state that he intends making

Newport his permanent residence, and hopes by

strict attention to business to merit a share of

public patronage.

Unquestionable references given, if re-

quired. He has a Compound Dentifrice for beau-

tifying and preserving the Teeth; a very superior

article, prepared by himself.

Newport, May 5, 1849.

BOSTON, WORCESTER AND ALBANY,

VIA PROVIDENCE.

Breakfast on board of the Boat.

ON AND AFTER MON-

DAY, June 23rd, 1849, the

steamer PERRY, Capt.

Gilbert Woolsey, will run

between Providence and Newport in connection

with trains of the Boston and Providence and

Providence and Worcester Railroads, as follows,

viz:—

Will leave Sayers's Wharf, Newport, at 5 1/2 A.

M. and 1 1/2 P. M.; Butler's Wharf, Westside, near

the Bridge, Providence, at 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.,

or on arrival of trains from Boston and Worcester,

viz:—

Passengers may procure tickets for Boston,

Worcester and Albany, on board of the boat and at

Rail Road stations at Albany, Boston and Worcester,

for Newport.

Passengers leaving Albany in the morning may

arrive at Newport the same evening, or may

remain all night at Worcester, and arrive at New-

port the next day at noon; or leave Saratoga in

the forenoon, or Albany at 2 P. M., spend the

night at Springfield, and arrive at Newport the

next evening.

Passengers leaving Newport in the morning

may continue through to Boston, Worcester and

Albany, arriving at Albany the same evening

or leaving Newport at 10 o'clock P. M., may sleep

at Springfield, and arrive at Albany at 1 1/2 P. M.

next day, and leave for Saratoga at 2 P. M.

Passengers leaving New York in the morning,

via New Haven Railroad, may arrive at Newport

(via Worcester and Providence) same evening,

and leaving Newport at 5 1/2 A. M. by same route

arrive at New York at 7 1/2 P. M.

Passengers and Baggage transported (free of

charge) between the boat and cars at Providence,

FARMS.—From Newport and Albany, \$5.50.

" " " Boston, \$1.50.

" " " Worcester, \$1.50.

" " " Providence, 50

17 Passengers wishing BREAKFAST, by giving

notice at the office as soon as possible after leav-

ing the wharf, can be provided for on board the

boat. (June 23.)

NOTICE

THE new and splendid

steamer CANONICALS,

Capt. Brayton, will

commence her regular trips

between Newport and Providence on MONDAY

next, touching at Bristol, Bristol Ferry and Fall

River, each way. Leaving Providence every

day (Sundays excepted) at 7 1/2 o'clock, A. M.,

Fall River 10 1/2 on the arrival of the morning

train from Boston, and arrive at Newport

at 2 o'clock, P. M., to connect with the 3 1/2 o'clock

train at Fall River for Boston; and leave Fall

River at 4 o'clock, P. M., touching at Bristol and

Bristol Ferry, and arrive at Providence at about

6 o'clock. Fare for a single passage 50 cents, or

Excursion tickets for the day at the same rate.—

Tickets between Newport and Boston \$1.50, and

Baggage ticketed through to connect directly

with the Road without Carriages at Fall River.

For further information apply to

ANTHONY STEWART,

Newport, June 30, 1849.—tf.

COMMISSIONER'S AND ADMINISTRATORS

NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the

Hon. Court of Probate of the town of New-

port, commissioners to receive and examine the

claims against the estate of

THOMAS PEABODY,

late of Newport, Housewright, dec., represented

insolvent, hereby give public notice that six

months from this date, are allowed the creditors

of said estate to present and prove their claims,

and that we will meet at the office of P. P.

Remington, on the last Saturdays in October, No-

vember and December next at 2 o'clock, P. M.,

for the purpose of examining and deciding on

the said claims.

JAMES LAWTON, } Comm'rs.

GEORGE FREEBORN, }

HENRY TAGGART, }

All persons indebted to said estate are request-

ed to make immediate payment to

PETER P. REMINGTON, Administrator.

June 9, 1849.

Farm For Sale,

THAT VALUABLE and pleas-

ant FARM, about three miles

from Newport on the West road

leading to Bristol Ferry, in Mid-

dletown, containing about one hundred acres

of first quality and highly cultivated tillage land,

with two good dwelling-houses, out kitchen,

wood house, milk room, ice house, carriage house

and stable, crib, and several other small buildings.

The whole Farm is walled in from 3 to 8 acre lots,

with two orchards, a large garden, and about one

acre of land on the west shore below the farm

house for the purpose of taking sea-weed and

sand for the use of the Farm. For terms of pay-

ment, which will be liberal, apply to

STEPHEN T. NORTHAM,

Newport.

Aug. 5, 1848.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden July 2, 1849

An instrument in writing dated the 23 day

of August 1848, purporting to be the last will

and testament of

JONATHAN BAILEY,

late of Newport, dec., presented by Peter P.

Remington, sole Executor named therein for Pro-

bate, and for letters testamentary to issue thereon,

It is ordered that the same be received and the

consideration thereof referred to a Court of Pro-

bate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport,

on the first Monday in August next, the 6th day

of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and notice

is ordered to be given thereof by advertisement

for three successive weeks in the Newport Mer-

cury, that all persons interested may appear at

said time and place, and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden July 2, 1849

BENJAMIN MUMFORD, administrator on the

estate of

THOMAS HUDSON,

late of Newport, Mariner, dec., presents his ad-

ministration account on said estate for allowance

and for an order of distribution for the balance to

the heirs at law, which account contains a credit

for sale of the Real estate of said Thomas Hudson,

made by the Administrator. The same

Is read and referred for consideration to a

Court of Probate, to be held at the Town Hall in

Newport, on the first Monday in August next,

the 6th day of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and

notice is ordered to be given by advertisement

for three successive weeks in the Newport Mer-

cury, that all persons interested may appear at

said time and place, and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Newport, holden July 2, 1849.

APPLICATION is made by Harriet Pearce that

she or some other suitable person may be ap-

pointed administrator on the estate of

DUTEE J. PEARCE,

Esq., late of Newport, dec., intestate.

The consideration thereof is referred to a Court

of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in New-

port, on the first Monday in August next, the 6th

day of said month, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and no-

tice is ordered to be given thereof by advertise-

ment for three successive weeks in the Newport Mer-

cury, that all persons interested may appear at

said time and place, and be heard.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

RIDING GLOVES.—Ladies' Riding Gau-

tlet 12, Paris make, received this week.

F. LAWTON & PROTHERS.

Valuable Real Estate For Sale.

THE ESTATE on Thames

street, long known as the resi-

dence of William Lee, dec.; con-

sisting of a lot of land 90 feet

front and rear, and extending to the harbor,—

with a two story dwelling house, stable and other

out buildings thereon, and is well supplied with

well and rain water; together with a Spar Yard,

having a Spar Shop 70 feet long, with ample dock

and wharf room, and all the necessary fixtures for

prosecuting the spar-making business,—for which

purpose it has been occupied for upwards of 100

years in the same family.

If this estate is not sold by the 1st of May next

it will then be let together, or separately as de-

sired. The dwelling house is well arranged for

two families.

March 31.

FOR SALE

Or To Let for the Season Furnished.

A NEW two-story Stone House, situated on

a Spring street, about 1/4 of a mile south of the

compact part of the town. The House is

very commodious and well finished, has a patent

Cooking Range, bathing room, force pumps for

rain and well water, &c. and commands a fine

view of the town and harbor, and of the adjacent

farms, with nothing to interrupt the prospect on

either side. For further information apply to,

R. P. LEE,

At the R. I. Union Bank.

Newport, March 31.—tf.

NOTICES.

THE subscriber has moved his Soap and Can-

dle establishment from the Stone Building

on Broad street, to the building on SHERMAN

street, formerly the old meeting house, (fitted and

used for a short time as a Soap House, by San-

ford Hall,)—where he has on hand

Hard and Soft Soap, Mould and Dipt

Candles, &c.,

of equal quality to any made in this State or

elsewhere.

Store keepers furnished at the lowest prices

and sent to them free of expense.

SILAS WARD.

Newport, Dec. 23, 1848.—tf.

Coal.—RED ASH COAL, for

sale by

GEO. BOWEN & CO.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the